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ANNUAL AUDITED REPORT

FORM X-17A-5
PART III

FACING PAGE
Information Required of Brokers and Dealers Pursuant to Section 17 of the
Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and Rule 17a-5 Thereunder

REPORT FOR THE PERIOD BEGINNING	January 1, 2003 MM/DD/YY	AND ENDING	December 31, 2003 MM/DD/YY	
	A. REGISTRANT IDENTIF	ICATION		
NAME OF BROKER-DEALER:	NN: ITG Execution Services, Inc. FN: (Formally known as Hoenig & Co., Inc)		OFFICIAL USE ONLY	
ADDRESS OF PRINCIPAL PLACE OF BUSINESS: (Do not use P.O. Box No.) 4 International Drive		5.)	FIRM ID. NO.	
	(No. and Street)			
Rye Brook			10573	
(City)	(State)		(Zip Code)	
NAME AND TELEPHONE NUMBER OF PE	RSON TO CONTACT IN RE	GARD TO THIS REP		
Alan Herzog			(914) 312-2304	
			(Area Code - Telephone No.)	
I	3. ACCOUNTANT IDENTIF	FICATION		
INDEPENDENT PUBLIC ACCOUNTANT w	hose opinion is contained in th	is Report*		
KPMG LLP		·		
	(Name - if individual, state last, first, i	niddle name)		
757 Third Avenue New Y		New York	10017	
(Address) (City)	(State)	(Zip Code)	
CHECK ONE:				
X Certified Public Accountant				
Public Accountant			DDOCESSI:L	
Accountant not resident in United S	States or any of its possessions.	Ž	PROCESSED APR 22 2004	
	FOR OFFICIAL USE O	NLY	THOMSON	
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*Claims for exemption from the requirement that the annual report be caveled by the opinion of an independent public accountant must be supported by a statement of facts and circumstances relied on the basis for the exemption. See section 240.17a-5(e)(2).

AFFIRMATION

We, Max Levine and Alan Herzog, affirm that, to the beginning financial statements and supplemental schedules pertaining December 31, 2003 are true and correct, and such financial available promptly to all members and allied members of that neither the Company nor any officer or director has a as that of a customer.	g to ITG Execution Service all statements and supplemente New York Stock Exchange	es, Inc. for the year ended tal schedules will be made ge, Inc. We further affirm,
	<u>President</u> Title	
	Signature Signature	3/26/04 Date
	Chief Financial Officer Title	

Notary Public

TERESA PANG
Notary Public, State of New York
No. 01PA5035228
Qualified in Queens County
Controlssion Expires Gct. 31, 20



KPMG LLP 345 Park Avenue New York, NY 10154

INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Stockholder and Board of Directors ITG Execution Services, Inc.:

We have audited the accompanying statement of financial condition of ITG Execution Services, Inc. as of December 31, 2003, and the related statements of income, changes in stockholder's equity, and cash flows for the year then ended that you are filing pursuant to rule 17a-5 under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. These financial statements are the responsibility of the Company's management. Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these financial statements based on our audit.

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free of material misstatement. An audit includes examining, on a test basis, evidence supporting the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. An audit also includes assessing the accounting principles used and significant estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall financial statement presentation. We believe that our audit provides a reasonable basis for our opinion.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of ITG Execution Services, Inc. at December 31, 2003, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the basic consolidated financial statements taken as a whole. The information contained in Schedules I and II is presented for purposes of additional analysis and is not a required part of the basic financial statements, but is supplementary information required by rule 17a-5 of the Securities Exchange Act of 1934. Such information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, in our opinion, is fairly stated in all material respects in relation to the basic financial statements taken as a whole.

KPMG LLP

March 26, 2004



ITG EXECUTION SERVICES, INC.

(A wholly owned subsidiary of Hoenig Group Inc.)
Statement of Financial Condition
December 31, 2003

Assets

Cash and cash equivalents Exchange memberships owned, at cost	\$ _	4,728,356 836,250		
Total assets	\$ _	5,564,606		
Liabilities and Stockholder's Equity				
Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued expenses Due to affiliate Income taxes payable	\$	41,920 480,576 201,330		
Total liabilities		723,826		
Commitments and contingencies				
Stockholder's equity: Common stock, par value \$0.50; shares authorized 100,000; 2,394 issued and outstanding Additional paid-in capital Accumulated deficit Treasury stock at cost, 237 shares		1,197 5,932,301 (159,220) (933,498)		
Total stockholder's equity		4,840,780		
Total liabilities and stockholder's equity	\$ _	5,564,606		



KPMG LLP 345 Park Avenue New York, NY 10154

Independent Auditors' Report on Internal Control Required by SEC Rule 17a-5

Board of Directors ITG Execution Services, Inc.:

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements and supplemental schedules of ITG Execution Services, Inc. (the "Company") for the year ended December 31, 2003, we considered its internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, in order to determine our auditing procedures for the purpose of expressing our opinion on the consolidated financial statements and not to provide assurance on internal control.

Also, as required by rule 17a-5(g)(1) of the Securities and Exchange Commission ("SEC"), we have made a study of the practices and procedures followed by the Company including tests of such practices and procedures that we considered relevant to the objectives stated in rule 17a-5(g) in making the periodic computations of aggregate debits and net capital under rule 17a-3(a)(11) and for determining compliance with the exemptive provisions of rule 15c3-3. Because the Company does not carry securities accounts for customers or perform custodial functions relating to customer securities, we did not review the practices and procedures followed by the Company in any of the following:

- 1. Making quarterly securities examinations, counts, verifications and comparisons,
- 2. Recordation of differences required by rule 17a-13, and
- 3. Complying with the requirements for prompt payment for securities under Section 8 of Federal Reserve Regulation T of the Board of Governors of the Federal Reserve System

The management of the Company is responsible for establishing and maintaining internal control and the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph. In fulfilling this responsibility, estimates and judgments by management are required to assess the expected benefits and related costs of controls and of the practices and procedures referred to in the preceding paragraph and to assess whether those practices and procedures can be expected to achieve the SEC's above-mentioned objectives. Two of the objectives of internal control and the practices and procedures are to provide management with reasonable but not absolute assurance that assets for which the Company has responsibility are safeguarded against loss from unauthorized use or disposition and that transactions are executed in accordance with management's authorization and recorded properly to permit the preparation of financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. Rule 17a-5(g) lists additional objectives of the practices and procedures listed in the preceding paragraph.

Because of inherent limitations in internal control or the practices and procedures referred to above, errors or fraud may occur and not be detected. Also, projection of any evaluation of them to future periods is subject to the risk that they may become inadequate because of changes in conditions or that the effectiveness of their design and operation may deteriorate.

Our consideration of internal control would not necessarily disclose all matters in internal control that might be material weaknesses under standards established by the American Institute of Certified Public Accountants. A material weakness is a condition in which the design or operation of the specific internal control components does not reduce to a relatively low level the risk that error or fraud in amounts that would be material in relation to the financial statements being audited may occur and not be detected within a timely period by employees in the normal course of performing their assigned functions. However, we noted no matters involving internal control, including control activities for safeguarding securities, that we consider to be material weaknesses as defined above.

We understand that practices and procedures that accomplish the objectives referred to in the second paragraph of this report are considered by the SEC to be adequate for its purposes in accordance with the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 and related regulations, and that practices and procedures that do not accomplish such objectives in all material respects indicate a material inadequacy for such purposes. Based on this understanding and on our study, we believe that the Company's practices and procedures were adequate at December 31, 2003 to meet the SEC's objectives.

This report is intended solely for the information and use of the Board of Directors, management, the SEC, the New York Stock Exchange, Inc. and other regulatory agencies that rely on rule 17a-5(g) under the Securities Exchange Act of 1934 in their regulation of registered brokers and dealers, and is not intended to be and should not be used by anyone other than these specified parties.

March 12, 2004

KPMG LLP